Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex nucleic acid amplification test (MTBC NAAT)

Test	Nucleic acid assay for the direct detection of Mycobacteria tuberculosis complex DNA
Description	in pulmonary specimens. Also, to detect mutation of the rpoB gene as an indicator of
	rifampin resistance.
Test Use	To aid in the rapid identification of primary tuberculosis disease and rifampin resistance
	in patients that are acid fast smear positive.
Test	Mycobacteriology Laboratory
Department	Phone: (860) 920-6649 FAX: (860) 920-6721
Methodology	Semi-quantitative nested real-time polymerase chain reaction
Availability	Daily, Monday-Friday
Specimen	A minimum of 3 mL (5-10 mL preferred) raw, unprocessed sputum, bronchial lavage, or
Requirements	bronchial washings from patients who have never received anti-tuberculous therapy,
	received < 7 days of therapy at the time of specimen collection, or no therapy within
	the last year.
Collection	To obtain collection kit, refer to Collection Kit Ordering Information
Kit/Container	
Collection	Collect specimen into sterile container
Instructions	
Specimen	Store specimen at 2-8° C. Transport to the laboratory as soon as possible with an ice
Handling &	pack coolant (preferred) or at ambient temperature. Avoid temperature extremes.
Transport	Specimens must be received within 10 days of collection.
	Unlabeled specimen
Unacceptable	Specimens that have leaked or containers that have broken in transit
Conditions	Extra-pulmonary specimens
	Processed pulmonary specimens
Requisition	Clinical test requisition (select AFB Clinical Specimen)
Form	Nucleic Acid Amplification Test Requisition may be found at the Dr. Katherine A. Kelley
	State Public Health Laboratory webpage located at,
	www.ct.gov/dph/cwp/view.asp?a=3122&q=396860
	Name and address of submitter (and/or Horizon profile #).
Required	Patient name or identifier, date of birth, town of residence (city, state, zip).
Information	Specimen type or source of collection, test requested.
	Please ensure patient name on requisition matches that on the specimen.
	A positive test result does not indicate the presence of viable organisms.
	A positive result is presumptive evidence for the presence of <i>Mycobacterium</i>
Limitations	tuberculosis complex and/or rifampin resistance.
	This test should NOT be ordered when clinical suspicion is low, to determine
	bacteriologic cure, or to monitor response to anti-tuberculosis drug therapy.
	Acid fast microscopy and culture for the isolation / identification of acid-fast
Additional	bacteria is also performed on all samples submitted for MTBC NAAT.
Comments	This test is automatically done on the first patient specimen submitted for AFB
	smear and culture that is found to be acid fast smear positive. Testing of AFB

smear negative specimens is only performed upon request.

Revision: 8/25/15